# 2021

### CHEMISTRY — HONOURS

## **Fourth Paper**

(Group - A)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### CHT-21a

#### Unit - I

Answer any three questions.

- 1. (a) How does inert pair effect influence the stability of the compounds of Group 15 elements? Illustrate with examples.
  - (b) Structure of boron trichloride is monomeric while that of aluminium chloride is dimeric. Justify the statement.
- 2. (a) Compare the elemental forms of Nitrogen (N) and Phosphorous (P).
  - (b) What happens when sodium is dissolved in liq. NH<sub>3</sub>?

3+2

- **3.** (a) B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> reacts with water to form an acid which is slippery. Explain the reason for the slippery nature of the acid.
  - (b) Why XeF<sub>6</sub> can not be stored in glass vessels?

3+2

- **4.** (a) Compare the catenation property among the elements of Group 14.
  - (b) Compare the hydrolytic behaviour of NF<sub>3</sub> and NCl<sub>3</sub>.

3+2

- 5. (a) Compare the Lewis acid behaviour of  $BX_3$  (X = F, Cl, Br, I) compounds.
  - (b) Exlpain why MgCO<sub>3</sub> is thermally less stable than CaCO<sub>3</sub>.

3+2

3+2

### Unit - II

### Answer any two questions.

- **6.** (a) Draw the molecular orbital diagram of nitrogen  $(N_2)$  and predict the bond dissociation energy order for  $N_2$ ,  $N_2^+$  and  $N_2^-$ .
  - (b) Give the name and structural formula of an ambidentate and a polydentate ligand.

Please Turn Over

T(II)-Chemistry – H-4A

- 7. (a) State the basic postulates of Werner's theory of coordination complexes.
  - (b) (i) Give the IUPAC name of [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub>(N<sub>3</sub>)]SO<sub>4</sub>.

(ii) Predict all the possible isomers of  $[Co(en)_2(ox)]^+$ .

3+2

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- **8.** (a) The melting point and boiling point of the first member of the hydrides of Gr. 15, 16 and 17 shows anomalous behaviour in comparison to its heavier congeners. Explain.
  - (b) How and under what condition can an insulator be converted to semiconductor?

#### CHT-21b

#### Unit - I

Answer any three questions.

- 9. (a) The B-H bonds in  $B_2H_6$  are dissimilar. Comment on the above statement citing structural features.
  - (b) Explain why the P N bond distances in  $P_3N_3F_6$  are shorter than those in  $P_3N_3Cl_6$ .
- 10. (a) Discuss the hybridisation of the central element in ClF<sub>3</sub>, ClF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> and ClF<sub>5</sub> and draw the shapes of the given species.
  - (b) Solubility of I<sub>2</sub> in water increases in presence of KI. Explain.

3+2

- 11. (a) Complete the reactions—
  - (i)  $XeF_4 + KI \rightarrow$
  - (ii)  $XeF_2 + H_2O \rightarrow$
  - (b) Explain the ozone depletion in the atmosphere through its photochemical reactions.

3+2

- **12.** (a) Hydrolysis of MeSiCl<sub>3</sub> produces a cross-linked polymer. Predict the polymer formed and write the reaction for its formation.
  - (b)  $B(OH)_3 + Na_2O_2 \rightarrow X$

Identify X and draw its structure. Mention its use.

3+2

- **13.** (a) What are interhalogen compounds? Explain why fluorine can not serve as the central element in those compounds.
  - (b) Hydrazine possesses both oxidizing and reducing properties. Justify.

3+2

### Unit - II

### Answer any two questions.

- **14.** (a) Name the indicator used for the estimation of iron with potassium dichromate solution in acid medium. Explain the mechanism of action of this redox indicator.
  - (b) Give an example of disproportionation and comproportionation reaction mentioning the oxidation state of reactants and products. 3+2

- **15.** (a) How does the common ion effect influence the precipitation of Gr. II sulphides for qualitative detection of basic radicals in an inorganic salt mixture?
  - (b) Which one is a stronger oxidant—acidic  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  or neutral  $K_2Cr_2O_7$ ? Comment. 3+2
- 16. (a) Define formal potential. How is it important in the estimation of Cu<sup>2+</sup> iodometrically?

Given : 
$$E_{Cu^{2^+}/Cu^+}^{o} = 0.15V$$
,  $E_{\frac{1}{2}I_2/I^-}^{o} = 0.54V$ 

(b) Calculate the potential at the equivalence point during titration of  $Fe^{2+}$  ion by  $MnO_4^-$  in acid medium.

Given: 
$$E_{Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+}}^{o} = 0.77 \text{ V}, E_{MnO_{4}^{-}/Mn^{2+}}^{o} = 1.51 \text{ V}$$
 3+2